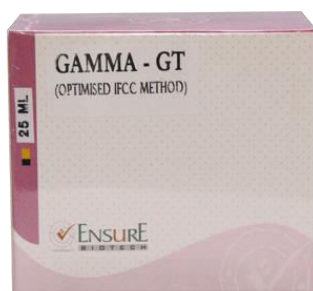


GAMMA – GT

(OPTIMISED IFCC METHOD)



INTENDED USE :

This reagent kit is intended for "In vitro" quantitative determination of γ -Glutamyl - Transferase(GT) activity in serum.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE :

γ -GT plays an important role in amino acid transport in the course of glutathione metabolism. The enzyme present in the serum is mainly of hepato-biliary origin. Increased enzyme activities are found in association with chronic alcoholism, different toxic liver damages, intra and extrahepatic cholestasis, acute viral hepatitis, pancreatitis, neoplastic diseases of the liver and pancreas, myocardial infarction as well as with diabetes mellitus.

PRINCIPLE :

γ -GT catalyzes the transfer of the -glutamate group from L- γ glutamyl 3-carboxy-4 nitroanilide substrate to glycylglycine. The amount of released p-nitroaniline is proportional to the GT activity of serum.

L- γ -glutamyl-3-carboxy-4-nitroanilide + glycylglycine \rightarrow

L -- glutamyl-glycylglycine + 3-carboxy-4-nitroaniline

REAGENT COMPOSITION :

Reagent 1 : Buffer Reagent

Reagent 2 : Substrate Reagent

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED:

- Clean & Dry Glassware
- Micropipettes & Tips
- Colorimeter or Bio-Chemistry Analyzer

SAMPLES:

Serum free of hemolysis

WORKING REAGENT PREPARATION & STABILITY

Mix 4 volume of Reagent 1 with 1 Volume of Reagent 2

GENERAL SYSTEM PARAMETERS:

| | |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Reaction type | Kinetic |
| Reaction | |
| Wave length | 405 nm |
| Light Path | 1 Cm |
| Reaction Temperature | 37°C |
| Blank /Zero Setting Water | With Distilled |
| Reagent Volume | 1ml |
| Sample Volume | 100 μ l |
| Lag / Delay Time | 60 Sec. |
| Read Time | 180 Sec. |
| Interval Time | 60 Sec. |
| Factor | 1280 |
| Low Normal at 37°C | 7 U/I |
| High Normal at 37°C | 50 U/I |
| Linearity | 300 U/I |
| Max. Abs / Min | 0.234 |
| Units | U/I |

ASSAY PROCEDURE:

| | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Working Reagent | 1000 μ l |
| Sample | 100 μ l |

Mix and after 60 second incubation, measure the decrease in absorbance every minute during 3 minutes at 37°C.

Determine the $\Delta A/\text{Min}$

CALCULATION:

Gamma-GT Activity (U/l) = $\Delta A/\text{min.} \times 1280$

LINEARITY:

Reagent Is Linear up to 300 U/l .

Dilute the sample appropriately and re-assay if
Gamma GT activity exceeds 300 U/l or Δ
Abs/min Exceeds 0.234. Multiply result with
dilution factor.

NORMAL RANGE

Male : 11 50 U/l

Female : 7 31 U/l

The reference values are only indicative in nature.
Every laboratory should establish its own normal
ranges.

QUALITY CONTROL

For accuracy it is necessary to run known controls
with every assay.

LIMITATIONS & PRECAUTIONS

1. Storage conditions as mentioned on the kit to be adhered.
2. Do not freeze expose the reagents to higher temperature as it may affect the performance of the kit.
3. Before the assay bring all the reagents to room temperature.
4. Avoid contamination of the reagent during assay process.
5. Use clean glassware free from dust or debris.
6. Reagent to sample ratio as mentioned here above must be strictly observed as any change in it will effect the factor.

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

1. SASZ Gen. Clin. Chem. 22.2051 (1976).
2. TIETZ Text Book of Clin. Chem. Burtis - Ashwood 2nd Edition (1984)
3. BERGMEYERHU. Methods of enzymatic Analysis (1987)